By Express Mail # EL 913696010 US

JC18 Rec'd PCT/PTO 3 0 NOV 2001

	UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371	U.S. APPLICATION NO.
		097986788
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO PCT/EP00/04	international filing date May 16, 2000	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED June 01, 1999

TITLE OF INVENTION

Method For Producing A Cyanide-Free Solution Of A Gold Compound That Is Suitable For Galvanic Gold Baths

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US

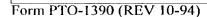
Gerhard HOFFACKER; Renate FRANZ; Ramona REITZ; Richard WALTER;

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

- 1. [x] This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
- 2. [] This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371
- 3. [x]This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
- 4. [x]A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
- 5. [x]A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))
 - a. [x] is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b.[] has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. [] is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US)
- 6. [x]A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
- 7. [] Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))
 - a. [] are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b.[] have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c.[] have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
 - d.[] have not been made and will not be made.
- 8. [] A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
- 9. [] An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).
- 10.[] A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).

Items 11. to 16. Below concern other document(s) or information included:

- 11.[x] An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- 12.[x]An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
- 13.[x]A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
 - [] A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.
- 14. A substitute specification.
- 15.[] A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
- 16.[x]Other items or information (specify): PCT Publication Sheet, Int'l Preliminary Examination Report, Int'l Search Report, Written Notification, Notification Concerning Submission or Transmittal of Priority Document



U.S APPLICATION NO CIFE	B0968	INTERNATIONAL PCT/EI	L APPLICATION NO PORTION NO PORTI		DOCKET NUMBER 5-19PUS
17.[x]The following fees					
Basic National Fee (37 CFR Search Report has been prepare International preliminary exam No international preliminary ebut international search fee parallel Neither international preliminary examinational preliminary examinated all claims satisfied provisions.	red by the EPO or JPO nination fee paid to USPT examination fee paid to US id to USPTO (37 CFR 1.4 ary examination fee (37 C 7 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to nination fee paid to USPT	O (37 CFR 1.482) SPTO (37 CFR 1.482) .45(a)(2)) FR 1.482) O USPTO O (37 CFR 1.482)	\$710.00 \$740.00 \$1040.00		
	ENTER APP	ROPRIATE BASIC FE	EE AMOUNT =	\$	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for a from the earliest claimed p	•		n [] 20 [] 30 months	\$	
Claims	Number Filed	Number Extra	Rate		
Total Claims	10- 20 =	0	x \$18.00	\$	
Independent Claims	4- 3 =	1	x \$84.00	\$84	
Multiple depe	ndent claim(s) (if appl	icable)	+ \$280.00	\$	
	то	OTAL OF ABOVE CAL	LCULATIONS =	\$	
Reduction of ½ for filing l	by small entity, if appl	icable.		\$	
			SUBTOTAL =	\$974	
Processing fee of \$130.00 months from the earliest c			than [] 20 [] 30 +	\$	
		TOTAL NA	ATIONAL FEE =	\$974	
Fee for recording the encloaccompanied by the appro	-	3 7 7	_	\$	
	** 1947 *** TOTAL Seed do with detailment		TOTAL FEES	ENCLOSED	\$974
			Amount to	be refunded:	\$
				charged:	\$

c. [x] The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. <u>03-2412</u>. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

Klaus P. Stoffel

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Form PTO-1390 (REV 10-94)

page 2 of 2

Klaus P. Stoffel

Registration Number: 31,668 November 30, 2001

Tel: (212) 687-2770

nsenes 094980968 \

By Express Mail
No. EL 913696010 US

JC13 Rac'd PCT/PTO 30 NOV 2001

TRANSLATION CERTIFICATION

This is a complete and accurate translation by us, to the best of our knowledge and ability, from German into English of:

WO 00/73,540 A1; PCT/EP00/04,368

FRANK C. FARNHAM COMPANY, INC.

By:

Name: Frank C. Farnham

Its: General Manger

Sworn and subscribed to before me this 5th day of November 2001.

Notary Public

NOTARIAL SEAL
KAREN A. BROWN, Notary Public
Media Boro., Delaware County
Ny Commission Expires Dec. 12, 2004

Attorney Docket # 5085-19PUS

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re National Phase PCT Application of Gerhard HOFFACKER et al.

International Appln. No.:

PCT/EP00/04368

International Filing Date:

May 16, 2000

For:

Method For Producing A Cyanide-Free Solution

Of A Gold Compound That Is Suitable For

Galvanic Gold Baths

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents 2900 Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202-3550 BOX PCT

SIR:

Prior to the issuance of a first Office Action and simultaneously with the filing of the present application, please amend said application as follows:

In the Specification:

Page 1, after line 2 insert --BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION--; after line 20 insert --SUMMARY AND DESCRIPTION OF THE

INVENTION--;

delete line 26.

- Page 2, delete lines 1 and 2.
- Page 3, after line 8, insert -- EXAMPLE--.

In the Claims:

Please delete claims 1 to 11 and add the following new claims:

- 12. A method for producing a cyanide-free solution of a gold compound that is suitable for gold electrodeposition baths, comprising the steps of:
- (a) reacting at least one of a cysteine and a cysteinate with at least one of tetrachloroauric acid and a tetrachloroaurate in a first aqueous medium;
- (b) separating a resulting precipitate from the first aqueous medium;
- (c) dissolving the precipitate in a second aqueous medium with elevation of the pH to 12.0-14.0.
- 13. A method in accordance with claim 12, and further comprising the step of washing the separated precipitate until it is free of chloride.

- 14. A method in accordance with claim 12, wherein the molar ratio of cysteine/cysteinate to the tetrachlorogold compound is 3.1 to 10.1.
- 15. A method in accordance with claim 12, including carrying out the reacting step at a temperature of $T < +30^{\circ}C$.
- 16. A method in accordance with claim 12, wherein the dissolving step includes raising the pH to 13.5.
- 17. A method in accordance with claim 12, wherein the reacting step includes using potassium L-cysteinate as the cysteinate.
 - 18. A solution of a gold compound produced by:
- (a) reacting at least one of a cysteine and a cysteinate with at least one of tetrachloroauric acid and a tetrachloroaurate in a first aqueous medium;
- (b) separating a resulting precipitate from the first aqueous medium; and
- (c) dissolving the precipitate in a second aqueous medium with elevation of the pH to 12.0-14.0.

- 19. A gold electrodeposition bath comprising a solution of a gold compound produced by:
- (a) reacting at least one of a cysteine and a cysteinate with at least one of tetrachloroauric acid and a tetrachloroaurate in a first aqueous medium;
- (b) separating a resulting precipitate from the first aqueous medium;
- (c) dissolving the precipitate in a second aqueous medium with elevation of the pH to 12.0-14.0.
- 20. A method for producing a solution of a gold compound that is suitable for gold electrodeposition gold baths as a precursor for production of gold-containing heterogeneous catalysts, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) reacting at least one of a cysteine and a cysteinate with at least one of tetrachloroauric acid and a tetrachloroaurate in a first aqueous medium;
- (b) separating a resulting precipitate from the first aqueous medium;
- (c) dissolving the precipitate in a second aqueous medium with elevation of the pH to 12.0-14.0.

In the Abstract:

Please add the attached abstract to the end of the application.

REMARKS

The present amendment is submitted prior to the issuance of a first Office Acton and simultaneously with the filing of the present application.

With this amendment applicants have amended the specification, cancelled claims 1 to 11 and added new claims 12 to 20, all in an effort to place the application in better condition for examination.

Favorable action on the present application is respectfully requested.

Any additional fees or charges required at this time in connection with the application may be charged to our Patent and Trademark Office Deposit Account No. 03-2412.

Respectfully submitted,

COHEN, PONTANI, LIEBERMAN & PAVANE

Bv:

Klaus P. Stoffel

Reg. No. 31,668

551 Fifth Avenue, Suite 1210

New York, N.Y. 10176

(212) 687-2770

30 November 2001

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A method for producing a cyanide-free solution of a gold compound that is suitable for gold electrodeposition baths. The method includes the steps of reacting at least one of a cysteine and a cysteinate with at least one of tetrachloroauric acid and a tetrachloroaurate in a first aqueous medium, separating a resulting precipitate from the first aqueous medium, and dissolving the precipitate in a second aqueous medium with elevation of the pH to 12.0-14.0.

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TRANSLATION (5085-19PUS):

WO 00/73,540 A1

PCT/EP00/04,368

METHOD FOR PRODUCING A CYANIDE-FREE SOLUTION OF A GOLD COMPOUND THAT IS SUITABLE FOR GOLD ELECTRODEPOSITION BATHS

The invention concerns a method for producing a cyanide-free solution of a gold compound that is suitable for gold electrodeposition baths, a gold compound solution produced by this method, and its uses.

The use of cyanide-containing solutions of gold compounds as baths for the electrodeposition of gold on objects has long been known. Due to the high toxicity of the cyanide ions that are used and of the hydrocyanic acid that is liberated under certain conditions, the use of this well-known process is associated with considerable safety problems.

Furthermore, solutions of gold compounds for electrodeposition baths are known from the state of the art, but they have the disadvantage of decomposing after a certain amount of time. A solution of ammonium disulfitoaurate is cited as a typical example of this.

JP 10[1998]-317,183 A describes, among other things, a mercaptocarboxylic acid gold-plating bath that contains one or more of the following components: an alkali metal salt or ammonium salt of an acetylcysteine gold complex, a cysteine gold complex, a mercaptosuccinic acid gold complex, a gold chloride, and a sulfur-containing gold complex. However, these solutions also suffer from the disadvantage that they decompose after a certain amount of time.

This presents the problem of at least partially eliminating the disadvantages mentioned above with the aid of a new type of method, a new type of solution of gold compounds, and suitable applications. The crux of the problem is the development of a method for producing a stable, cyanide-free solution of a gold compound that is suitable for gold electrodeposition baths.

In accordance with the invention, this problem is solved by a method in

accordance with Claim 1, a gold compound solution in accordance with Claim 7, and applications in accordance with Claims 8-11.

In the first step of the method of the invention, a cysteine and/or cysteinate is reacted in a first aqueous medium, especially water, with tetrachloroauric acid and/or a tetrachloroaurate. Potassium cysteinate and sodium cysteinate are examples of the cysteinate that may be used, and sodium tetrachloroaurate and potassium tetrachloroaurate are examples of suitable tetrachloroaurates.

In the second step of the method, the precipitate that forms in the first step is separated from the first aqueous medium. This separation can be effected, for example, by repeated centrifugation and decanting of the supernatant liquid.

Finally, the precipitate is dissolved in a second aqueous medium, for example, in water, by addition, for example, of a potassium hydroxide solution, which at the same time raises the pH to 12.0-14.0.

The solutions of gold compounds obtained in this way are stable for several weeks when stored with the exclusion of light and air and have outstanding properties for gold electrodeposition baths.

The following variations have been found to be practically effective and thus especially advantageous:

The separated precipitate is washed until it is free of chloride.

The molar ratio of cysteine/cysteinate to the tetrachlorogold compound is 3:1 to 10:1. Experience shows that a molar ratio of 3:1 produces the highest yields.

The reaction is advantageously carried out at a temperature of T < $+30^{\circ}$ C, since at higher temperatures the gold compound shows signs of decomposition.

In addition, it has been found to be advantageous in practice if the pH rises to 13.5 during the dissolving of the precipitate (very stable solu-

tions), and if potassium L-cysteinate is used as the cysteinate.

The solutions of gold compounds produced by the above method have the desired properties.

Naturally, this also applies to the corresponding applications, especially those in which the solutions of gold compounds are used as precursors for the production of gold-containing heterogeneous catalysts or as gold electrodeposition baths.

The invention is illustrated by the following example.

3:1 L-cysteine / HAuCl₄ Solution

30.557 g (0.272 mole) of aqueous KOH solution (50%) is weighed into a beaker and diluted with 36 mL of deionized water. 32.956 g (0.272 mole) of L-cysteine is added to this solution in portions. A mildly exothermic reaction occurs. A clear, colorless solution is formed.

 $43.021 \text{ g } (0.0906 \text{ mole}) \text{ of } \text{HAuCl}_4 \text{ solution is weighed into a second beaker}$ (400 mL) and brought to a volume of 145 mL. Aqueous KOH solution (10%) is added to the HAuCl_4 solution until the pH of the solution reaches 6.1 (amount consumed = 162 mL). A clear, rust-red solution is formed.

The gold chloride solution is then added in portions to the amino acid salt solution.

The pH falls steadily during this addition. The solution is clear and colorless at first. After about 20 mL of the gold chloride solution has been added, the solution becomes turbid. As more solution is added, a white suspension forms, which turns pale yellow towards the end of the addition.

Since the reaction is exothermic, the solution must be cooled throughout the addition, so that the temperature does not exceed $+20^{\circ}\text{C}$.

The suspension is then stirred for another 1 1/2 hours. It becomes some-

what lighter but still has a yellowish tinge. The suspension is then washed free of chloride by centrifuging.

After the suspension is chloride-free, aqueous KOH solution (50%) is added until a pH value of 13.5 is established. A golden yellow solution was obtained. Due to the slight turbidity that was still present, the solution was filtered through a cellulose filter.

A clear, golden yellow solution was then obtained, which was poured into a brown glass bottle and tightly sealed.

551.487 g of a Au-amino acid solution was obtained.

The Au content of the solution is 3.16% (Au yield: 97.7%).

The Cl content of the solution is 17 ppm.

The solution remains stable for months.

CLAIM(S)

- 1. Method for producing a cyanide-free solution of a gold compound that is suitable for gold electrodeposition baths, by:
- (a) reaction of a cysteine and/or cysteinate with tetrachloroauric acid and/or a tetrachloroaurate in a first aqueous medium,
- (b) separation of the resulting precipitate from the first aqueous medium, and
- (c) dissolving of the precipitate in a second aqueous medium with elevation of the pH to 12.0-14.0.
- 2. Method in accordance with Claim 1, characterized by the fact that the separated precipitate is washed until it is free of chloride.
- 3. Mothod in accordance with Claim 1 or Claim 2, characterized by the fact that the molar ratio of cysteine/cysteinate to the tetrachlorogold compound is 3:1 to 10:1.
- 4. Method in accordance with any of Claims 1-3, characterized by the fact that the reaction is carried out at a temperature of T < $+30^{\circ}$ C.
- 5. Method in accordance with any of Claims 1-4, characterized by the fact that the pH is raised to 13.5 during the dissolving of the precipitate.
- 6. Method in accordance with any of Claims 1-5, characterized by the fact that potassium L-cysteinate is used as the cysteinate.
- 7. Solution of a gold compound produced by a method in accordance with any of Claims 1-6.
- 8. Use of a solution of a gold compound in accordance with Claim 7 as a precursor for the production of gold-containing heterogeneous catalysts.
- 9. Use of a solution of a gold compound in accordance with Claim 7 as a gold electrodeposition bath.
 - 10. Use of a method in accordance with any of Claims 1-6 for producing

a solution of a gold compound that is suitable for gold electrodeposition gold baths as a precursor for the production of gold-containing heterogeneous catalysts.

11. Use of a method in accordance with any of Claims 1-6 for producing a solution of a gold compound that is suitable for gold electrodeposition gold baths as a gold electrodeposition bath.





(12) NACH DEM VERTRAG ÜBER DIE INTERNATIONALE ZUSAMMENARBEIT AUF DEM GEBIET DES PATENTWESENS (PCT) VERÖFFENTLICHTE INTERNATIONALE ANMELDUNG

BERICHTIGTE FASSUNG

(19) Weltorganisation für geistiges Eigentum Internationales Büro



(43) Internationales Veröffentlichungsdatum 7. Dezember 2000 (07.12.2000)

PCT

(10) Internationale Veröffentlichungsnummer WO 00/73540 A1

(51) Internationale Patentklassifikation7:

C25D 3/48

D-61130 Nidderau (DE). WALTER, Richard [DE/DE]; Heideweg 11, D-63755 Alzenau (DE).

(74) Anwalt: HERRGUTH, Jens; Heraeus Holding GmbH, Schutzrechte, Heraeusstrasse 12-14, D-63450 Hanau (DE).

(84) Bestimmungsstaaten (regional): europäisches Patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,

(21) Internationales Aktenzeichen:

PCT/EP00/04368

(22) Internationales Anmeldedatum:

16. Mai 2000 (16.05.2000)

(25) Einreichungssprache:

Deutsch

(26) Veröffentlichungssprache:

Deutsch

(30) Angaben zur Priorität: 199 24 895.8

1. Juni 1999 (01.06.1999)

NL, PT, SE).

Veröffentlicht: mit internationalem Recherchenbericht

(81) Bestimmungsstaaten (national): JP, US.

(71) Anmelder (fur alle Bestimmungsstaaten mit Ausnahme von

US): W. C. HERAEUS GMBH & CO. KG [DE/DE]; Heraeusstrasse 12-14, D-63450 Hanau (DE).

(48) Datum der Veröffentlichung dieser berichtigten Fassung:

Section II

13. September 2001

(71) Anmelder und

(72) Erfinder: HOFFACKER, Gerhard [DE/DE]; Riedstrasse 23, D-73553 Alfdorf (DE).

(15) Informationen zur Berichtigung:

siehe PCT Gazette Nr. 37/2001 vom 13. September 2001,

(72) Erfinder; und

(75) Erfinder/Anmelder (nur fur US): FRANZ, Renate [DE/DE]; Alte Schmidtgasse 3, D-63571 Gelnhausen (DE). REITZ, Ramona [DE/DE]; Weingartenstrasse 5, Zur Erklarung der Zweibuchstaben-Codes, und der anderen Abkürzungen wird auf die Erklarungen ("Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations") am Anfang jeder regulären Ausgabe der PCT-Gazette verwiesen.

(54) Title: METHOD FOR PRODUCING A CYANIDE-FREE SOLUTION OF A GOLD COMPOUND THAT IS SUITABLE FOR GALVANIC GOLD BATHS

(54) Bezeichnung: VERFAHREN ZUR HERSTELLUNG EINER CYANIDFREIEN, FÜR GALVANISCHE GOLD-BÄDER GE-EIGNETEN GOLDVERBINDUNGSLÖSUNG

(57) Abstract: The invention relates inter alia to a method for producing a cyanide-free solution of a gold compound that is suitable for galvanic gold baths. Said method comprises the following steps: a) reacting a cysteine and/or a cysteinate with a tetrachloroauric for galvanic gold baths. Said method comprises the following steps: a) reacting a cysteine and/or a cysteinate with a tetrachloroauric formula for galvanic gold baths. Said method comprises the following steps: a) reacting a cysteine and/or a cysteinate with a tetrachloroauric formula for galvanic gold baths. acid and/or a tetrachloroauric salt in a first aqueous medium; b) separating the resulting precipitate from the first aqueous medium; and c) dissolving said precipitate in a second aqueous medium, increasing the pH value to 12.0 to 14.0.

(57) Zusammenfassung: Es wird unter anderem ein Verfahren zur Herstellung einer cyanidfreien, für galvanische Gold-Bäder geeigneten Goldverbindungslösung vorgestellt, mit: a) Umsetzung eines Cysteins und/oder Cysteinats mit einer Tetrachlorogoldsäure und/oder einem Tetrachlorogoldsalz in einem ersten wäßrigen Medium, b) Abtrennen des erhaltenen Nieder schlags vom ersten wäßrigen Medium und c) Lösen des Niederschlags in einem zweiten wäßrigen Medium bei Erhöhung des pH-Wertes auf 12,0 bis 14,0.



Includes Reference to PCT International Applications

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

METHOD FOR PRODUCING A CYANIDE-FREE SOLUTION OF A GOLD COMPOUND THAT IS SUITABLE FOR GALVANIC GOLD BATHS

the specification of which (check only one item below)

[x] is attached hereto

[] was filed as United States application

Serial No.

On _

and was amended

on _ (if applicable).

[x] was filed as PCT international application

Number <u>PCT/EP00/04368</u>

On May 16, 2000

And was amended under PCT Article 19

On _ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of the application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which priority is claimed.

PRIOR FOREIGN/PCT APPLICATIONS AND ANY PRIORITY CLAIMS UNDER 35 U.S.C. 119:

(if PCT, indicate "PCT")	Application Date of Filing Number (day, month, year)		Priority Claimed Under 35 U.S.C. 119	
Germany	199 24 895.8	June 01, 1999	[x] YES	Пио
PCT	PCT/EP00/04368	May 16, 2000	[x] YES	[] NO
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COMMENSATION ACTION .	TENERAL BURNESS OF THE SECOND STREET
(Includes Reference to PCT International Applications	food of all half half will said to it in a fin diam with 5005-15-17-05

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States of America that is/are listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in that/those prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

PRIOR U.S. APPLICATIONS OR PCT INTERNATIONAL APPLICATIONS DESIGNATING THE U.S. FOR BENEFIT UNDER 35 U.S.C. 120:

•	U.S. APPLICATION	, ST	ATUS (check on	e)	
U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER		U.S. FILING DATE	PATENTED	PENDING	ABANDONED
PCT APPL	ICATIONS DESIGNA	TING THE U.S.			
PCT APPLICATION NO.	PCT FILING DATE	U.S. SERIAL NUMBERS ASSIGNED (if wiy)			
PCT/EP00/04368	May 16, 2000			Х	

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith (List name and registration number)
MYRON COHEN, Reg. No. 17.358; THOMAS C. PONTANI, Reg. No. 29,763; LANCE J. LIEBERMAN, Reg. No. 28,437; MARTIN B. PAVANE, Reg. No. 28.337; MICHAEL C. STUART, Reg. No. 35,698; KLAUS P. STOFFEL, Reg. No. 31,668; EDWARD M. WEISZ, Reg. No. 37,257; JULIA S. KIM, Reg. No. 36,567; VINCENT M. FAZZARI, Reg. No. 26,879; ALFRED W. FROEBRICH, Reg. No. 38,887; KENT H. CHENG, Reg. No. 33,849; ROGER S. THOMPSON, Reg. No. 29,594; F. BRICE FALLER, Reg. No. 29,532; YUNLING REN, Reg. No. 47,019; DAVID J. ROSENBLUM, Reg. No. 37,709; ELI WEISS, Reg. No. 17,765; TONY CHEN, Reg. No. 44,607.

Sen	d correspondence to: Klaus P. Stoffel Reg. 31,668 Cohen, Pontani, Li 551 Fifth Avenue, New York, New Y	Suite 1210	<u>(</u>	Direct Telephone calls to: (name and telephone number) Klaus P. Stoffel (212) 687-2770
	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMYLY NAME HOFFACKER	PIRST GIVEN NAME Gerbard	\$ECOND GIVEN NAME
2 0	RESIDENCE. CITIZENSHIP	Alfdorf DEN	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY GEIMANY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP Germany
1	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS Riedstrasse 23	crty Alfdorf	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY Germany D-73553
	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FRANZ	FIRST GIVEN NAME Renate	SECOND GIVEN NAME
2 0 2	RESIDENCE, CITIZENSHIP	CITY Gelphausen A EV	STATE OR POREIGN COUNTRY Germany	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP Germany
<i>-</i>	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS Alte Schmidtgasse 3	CITY Gelnhausen	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY Germany D-63571

Page 2 of 4

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office Equivalent to PTO 139 (REV 10 83

> By Express Mail No. EL 913696173 US

	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME S CO	FIRST GIVEN NAME:	SECOND GIVEN NAME
2 0	RESIDENCE. CITIZENSHIP	CITY Nidderau	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY GERMANY	country of citizenship Germany
3	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS Weingartenstrasse 5	CITY Nidderau	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY Germany D-61130
	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME WALTER	FIRST GIVEN NAME Richard	SECOND GIVEN NAME
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7	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	CITY	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY
	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME	FIRST GIVEN NAME	SECOND GIVEN NAME
2 0	RESIDENCE, CITIZENSHIP	CITY	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
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	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	PAMILY NAME	FIRST GIVEN NAME	SECOND GIVEN NAME
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9	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	CITY	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY

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2	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	CITY	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under \$1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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DATE 12/03/2001	DATE	DATE
SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 207	SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 208	SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 209
DATE	DATE	DATE
SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 210	SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 211	SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 212
DATE	DATE	DATE

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